Name of the student : _____   Date : 29.11.2019
Class-V Sec. _____   Roll No. _____

Instructions : 1. Fill & darken roll number field correctly on OMR Sheet. In case of any error, OMR Answer
                         Sheet will be not be read by the OMR Scanner.
                      2. Darken the most suitable option no. on OMR Answer Sheet.
                      3. There is no negative marking.

1. Who is the poet of Topsy- Turvy land ?

    a. Gerbase Phinn   b. H.E Wilkinson   c. Enid Blyton   d. Kamla Bhasin

2. Give one word for this sentence : when a person tells the story of his life in his own words –

    a. Autobiography   b. Biography   c. Lecture   d. Speaker

3.Meaning of 'Bellowing' is

    a. Silence   b. Introvert   c. Very loud noise   d. low noise

4. Rhyming word of pleasure is

    a. Tear   b. Planned   c. Wear   d. Treasure

5. Superlative degree of Juicy is

    a. More juicy   b. Most juicy   c. Juicier   d. Juiciest

6. A giant bird is a

    a. Kiwi   b. Ostrich   c. Peacock   d. Parrot

7. Give a comparison for this – as tall as

    a. a giraffe   b. a leopard   c. an ant   d. a cow

8. Who was Gulliver ?

    a. a farmer   b. a dwarf   c. a giant   d. a sailor

9. The Farmer's dish is _____ feet in diameter.

    a. twenty   b. fifteen   c. thirty   d. ten

10. The Farmer's wife was a _____ woman

    a. kind-hearted   b. cruel   c. talkative   d. shy

11. The car is _____ than the sailboat

    a. fast   b. more fast   c. faster   d. fastest

12. Synonym of grand is

    a. small   b. thin   c. loud   d. big

13. In Topsy-Turvy land, people walk upon their _____

    a. legs   b. hands   c. heads   d. shoulder

14. The comparative degree of clever is
    a. cleverer   b. cleverest   c. more clever   d. clever
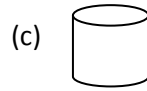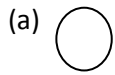
15. Choose the adjective from the given sentence—
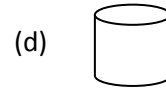   **There are many intelligent students in our class**.
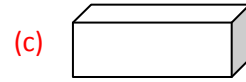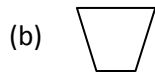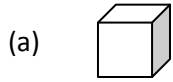   a. many   b. students   c. class   d. intelligent

16 - गुरु और चेला घूमने गए तो चलते-चलते क्या मिली ?

    (a) नगरी   (b) डगरी   (c) सड़क   (d) बाग

17 - ग्वालिन अपने सिर पर क्या रखी थी ?

    (a) गगरी   (b) डगरी   (c) नगरी   (d) पगड़ी

18 - अंधेर नगरी का राजा कैसा था ?

    (a) पंडित   (b) बुद्धिमान   (c) अनबूझ   (d) पागल

19 - अंधेर नगरी में दीवार कैसे गिरी ?

    (a) मोटी थी   (b) छोटी थी   (c) बड़ी थी   (d) कमज़ोर थी

20 - अंधेर नगरी की प्रजा क्यों खुश हुई ?

    (a) राजा के जीने पर   (b) राजा के मरने पर

    (c) राजा बनने पर   (d) चक्रवर्ती राजा बनने पर

21 - मंत्री को फाँसी क्यों नहीं दी गई ?

    (a) मोटा था   (b) गर्दन पतली थी   (c) छोटा था   (d) बड़ा था

22 - अंत में फाँसी पर कौन चढ़ा ?

    (a) मंत्री   (b) गुरुजी   (c) चेला   (d) राजा

23 - मशक का अर्थ होता है ?

    (a) चमड़ा   (b) चमड़े का थैला   (c) कपड़ा   (d) स्वेटर

24 - महूरत शब्द का शुद्ध रूप है ?

    (a) मुहूरत   (b) मुहुरत   (c) मुहूर्त   (d) मुहुर्त

25 - छन शब्द का शद्ध रूप है ?

    (a) छ्ण   (b) क्षन   (c) क्षड़   (d) क्षण

26 - जापान की मुद्रा है ?

    (a) रूपया   (b) टका   (c) यन्न/येन   (d) दीनार

27 - मैडल से चुड़ियाँ बनवा लेने पर दादी ने बुआ को क्या माना ?

    (a) महामूर्ख   (b) समझदार   (c) बुद्धिमान   (d) चालाक

28 - रात को भोजन के बाद स्वामीनाथन किसके पास सोता था ?

    (a) माता   (b) पिता   (c) दादा   (d) दादी

29 - दादी का स्वर कैसा था ?

    (a) मीठा   (b) रूखा   (c) सुरीला   (d) अच्छा

30 - बुआ ने मैडल को गलवाकर कितनी चूड़ियाँ बनवाई थीं ?

    (a) 1   (b)   2   (c)   3   (d) 4

31. Which shape is cube in the following shapes?

(a) ○ (b) ▱ (c) ▭cylinder (d) ▣cube

32. Which shape is cuboid in the following shapes?

(a) ▢cube (b) ▱ (c) ▭cuboid (d) cylinder

33. There are _____mm in 15cm.

(a) 15 (b) 150 (c) 1500 (d) 105

34. 95 centimeters =_____meter

(a) 9.5 (b) 0.95 (c) 95.0 (d) 905

35. 3metre8cm =_____meter

(a) 30.8 (b) 3.08 (c) 0.308 (d) 308

36. Rupee ½ =_____paise

(a) 25 (b) 75 (c) 50 (d) 20

37. Rupee ¾ = Rupee_____

(a) 25 (b) 75 (c) 0.75 (d) 7.5

38. Ramesh has to grow 65 cm more to reach 2metres height. What is Ramesh's height in meters?

(a) 1m65cm (b) 1m35cm (c) 1m45cm (d)1m55cm

39. Cost of an egg is Rs.2.50. What is the cost of two and half dozen eggs?

(a) Rs. 50 (b) Rs. 60.50 (c) Rs. 75.50 d) Rs. 75

40. If One won = Rs. 0.04 than, Rs. 800 =_____ won

(a) 2000 (b) 200 (c) 20,000 (d) 20

41. Cost of one pen is Rs.13. Raj has Rs. 60. How many pens can Raj buy?

(a) 4 (b) 5 (c) 6 (d) 7

42. One Dirham is equal to Rs. 10.80. Ram gets 500 Dirham as salary. What is the salary of Ram in Indian Rupees?

(a) 5400 (b) 54000 (c) 540 (d) 5040

43. There are _____ faces in a cube.

(a) 4 (b) 5 (c) 6 (d) 2

44. 8 paise = Rupee_____

(a) 8 (b) 0.08 (c) 0.80 (d) 80

45. 20/100 =_____

(a) 0.02 (b) 2 (c) 0.002 (d) 0.2

46. Which calamity occurred on 26th January 2001?
(a) cyclone   (b) flood   (c) earthquake   (d) Tsunami

47. An instrument used by doctor to listen your heartbeat
(a) Thermometer   (b) black mirror   (c) stethoscope   (d) reflex hammer

48. When there is no rain and crops fail, then there can be
(a) famine   (b) flood   (c) cyclone   (d) drought

49. Your heartbeats become faster when you

(a) sing   (b) eat   (c) speak   (d) run

50. Which air is essential for burning?

(a) Nitrogen   (b) Carbon dioxide   (c) Hydrogen   (d) Oxygen

51. Mota bapu was a _____ in the village

(a) Doctor   (b) teacher   (c) sarpanch   (d) socialist

52. Excessive rainfall can lead to

(a) flood   (b) Tsunami   (c) drought   (d) famine

53. 'Blow hot blow cold' this story has been written by

(a) Nehru ji   (b) Gandhi Ji   (c) Dr Zakir Husain   (d) Rajiv Gandhi

54. Our breath is warmer than the surrounding air in ____ season

(a) rainy   (b) summer   (c) spring   (d) winter

55. Mia Balistiya was a __ person

(a) strong   (b) tiny   (c) black   (d) tall

56. Which survey is done to see the scene of disaster from a plane.

(a) tv   (b) news   (c) aerial   (d) network

57. Richter scale is used to measure the intensity of

(a) earthquake   (b) flood   (c) famine   (d) draught

58. The air we breathe out contains
(a) moisture   (b) fragrance   (c) saliva   (d) dust

59. The study about earthquake is known as

(a) biology   (b) seismology   (c) geography   (d) zoology

60. Deforestation is one of the reason of

(a) drought   (b) Tsunami   (c) hurricane   (d) flood