This paper consists of four sections.   Section B: Writing - 20 Marks

Section A: Reading - 20 Marks   Section C: Grammar - 20 Marks

Section D: Literature - 20 Marks

SECTION-A (READING)

I.   Read the following passage carefully.   (10)

Nepal, a small mountainous country tucked between India and China, may seem completely foreign to many Americans. Cows walk down busy streets, 24 different languages are spoken, and people eat two meals of rice and lentils every day. Nepali holidays, many of which are related to the Hindu religion, can seem especially bizarre to Americans unfamiliar with the culture. However, if we look beyond how others celebrate to consider the things they are celebrating, we find surprising similarities to our own culture.

The biggest holiday in Nepal is Dashain, a ten-day festival for the Hindu goddess Durga that takes place in September or October. According to Hindu beliefs, Durga defeated the evil demons of the world. To thank the goddess, people visit temples in her honour and sacrifice goats or sheep as offerings. Throughout the year, most Nepalis do not eat much meat because it is expensive, but Dashain is a time to enjoy meat every day. Children fly colorful, homemade kites during Dashain. People also construct enormous bamboo swings on street corners and in parks. Every evening people gather at these swings and take turns swinging. Nepalis say that by swinging, people can relieve the earth of their weight, if only for a few minutes out of the year. Dashain is a time for people to eat good food, relax, and enjoy themselves!

Aside from eating and enjoying themselves, during Dashain people also receive blessings from their elders. Schools and offices shut down so people can travel to be with their families. Reuniting with family reminds people of the importance of kindness, respect, and forgiveness. People also clean and decorate their homes for Dashain. And, like many holidays in the United States, it is a time for shopping. Children and adults alike get new clothes for the occasion. People express appreciation for all that they have, while looking forward to good fortune and peace in the year to come.

During American holidays, people may not sacrifice goats or soar on bamboo swings, but they do often travel to be with family members and take time off work or school to relax. No matter how they celebrate, many people around the world spend their holidays honouring family, reflecting on their blessings, and hoping for good fortune in the future.

Based on your understanding of the passage given above, answer the questions.

i)   According to Hindus believe, what did the goddess Durga do?

ii) Where is Nepal situated?

iii) What do people do to thank Goddess Durga?

iv) Which of the following sentences from the passage best indicates why the author thinks Nepal would seem very foreign to many Americans?

a) "Cows walk down busy streets unharmed, 24 different languages are spoken, and people eat two meals of rice and lentils every day."

b) "Every evening people gather at these swings and take turns swinging.

c) "People also clean and decorate their homes for Dashain."

d) "During American holidays, people may not sacrifice goats or soar on bamboo swings, but we do often travel to be with family members and take time off work or school to relax."

v)   During which time Dushain is celebrated in Nepal?

vi) How do people celebrate Dashain?

vii) What is people's belief about swinging?

viii) Why are offices and schools shut down during this period?

ix) The author suggests that although people in different cultures celebrate holidays differently, one similarity is also there .What is that similarity?

x) As used in paragraph 1, *bizarre* most nearly means

    a) unbelievable   b) unknown   c) awkward   d) strange

II.   Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions.   (10)

Students tend to lose their pencils, break them without thinking, and find all sorts of non-writing uses for them. The pencil in your hand is one of the most remarkable and useful tools in the world. A man named Friedrich Staedtler invented the modern "lead" pencil in about 1622 in Germany. He was the first person to mass-produce them. Staedtler did not use lead, and there is no lead in your pencil. However, some pencils did use lead until the early twentieth century. Lead will make a mark, but it is toxic and not safe to use either in the hands or around the face and mouth where many pencils sometimes stray. Staedtler used black graphite, a soft form of carbon. Graphite is still used today. It is mixed with clay and wax and heated to high temperatures. The modern pencil is a superb piece of technology. The pencil is less messy than ink, can be easily erased, and makes clear, dark, smooth, and smudge-free lines. The modern pencil can produce a continuous line twenty-two miles long. That's a distance of 116,160 foot-long rulers laid end to end. Enjoy your pencil. For a few rupees each, it is a remarkable bargain.

i)   Mention one improper ways in which students make use of pencils

ii)   Lead is rarely used to make pencils. Why so?

iii)   What material is used in making of pencils instead of lead?

iv)   Why can we consider the modern pencil to be a superb piece of technology?

v)   The modern pencil can produce something fantastic. What is it?

vi)   Who invented modern lead pencil?

vii)   What is graphite?

viii)   What changes are made in graphite before using it in a pencil?

ix)   Who is the person responsible for mass production of pencil?

x)   Find words in the passage that mean the following:

    a) Poisonous   b) Removed something completely

SECTION B: WRITING

3) You lost your wrist watch in the school auditorium. Write a notice for your school notice board giving a detailed description of the watch. You are Anirudh/Arundathi of St. John's Public School, Hyderabad. (in about 40 – 60 words)   (5)

4)   Write a paragraph of about 100-120 words on the topic given below using the hints: (9)

Importance of trees in protecting our environment

Hints: Great friend------check soil erosion-----cause rain, control temperature and pollution----increase fertility of soil---provide us many useful things like food and shelter to people, animals, birds giving oxygen----taking carbon dioxide----maintaining ecological balance (any other point you can think of)

5)   Write a letter to your uncle requesting him to come to your house to attend your birthday.

    (6)

SECTION C: GRAMMAR

6)   Complete the following passage by choosing the appropriate words from the options given for each blank.   (2)

I saw him walking (a) _____ (along , across, in, out of) the street and then running (b) _____ (across, along, on ,at)the lawn. After crossing the lawn, he took off his clothes and jumped (c) _____ (into, in of, at) the swimming pool. (d) _____

(in, at, about, before) 6 a.m. he came out of the pool and went into the dressing room to change his clothes.

7)   Add '-ly' to the underlined word in each sentence. Rewrite the sentences using the new words. An example is given.   (2)

Eg: drew the picture in a creative manner.

Ans: She drew the picture creatively.

a) It is obvious that the work has not been done in a proper way.

b) The job can be completed within a week in an easy way.

c) You did not play in a serious manner, or else you would have won the match.

d) She recited the poem in a cheerful manner.

8) Look at the following words and phrases. Rearrange them to form meaningful sentences. Write the correct answers in your answer sheet. (4)

a) in the world / the Himalayas / mountains / the highest / are

b) were injured/ the accident/ in/ passengers/ several

c) will / there / way / where / is/a/there/is/a

d) his courage / everybody / him / for / praised

9) Change the following sentences to reported speech: (3)

i)" Why is your face half shaven?" Gopal's wife asked him. .

ii) "I want to see the king," Gopal said to the guards.

iii) "Bring the man to me at once," the king said the guard.

10) Fill in the blanks with appropriate forms of the word given in the brackets (2)

i) Sages are _____ men. How they acquire their _____ no one can tell. (wise)

ii) The _____ said that only fresh evidence would make him change his _____. (judge)

11) Rewrite the following pairs of sentences as a single sentence "IF" at the beginning of the sentence: (1)

Work hard. You'll pass the examination in the first division.

12) Fill in each blank with suitable article taken from the options. (6)

i) Friends, we must have---- tickets with us. Only then, we can enter. (an/the/a)

ii) Ice is ------- than water. (light/lightest/lighter)

iii) Summer is pleasant in Manali. This year,we decided to go------. (here/there/everywhere)

iv) I work much-------- than I used to. (little/less/least)

v) It was an unfortunate incident for me. The interview-------------- before I reached. (start/had start/had started)

vi) He is----------------- weak to walk. (to/too/as)

<center>SECTION-D (LITERATURE)</center>

13) Read the lines from the poem and choose the correct option for each question: (3)

"Fall?" scoffed Dad.   He got out the ladder

A climber like me?   From the garden shed

Child's play, this is?   It slipped. He landed

You wait and see?"   In the flower bed.

i) The father was dead sure of his

a) managerial skills b) climbing skills c)artistic skills d) artful skills

ii) Father brought _____ from the shed.

a)a rope b) food c) a ladder d)all the above

iii) Dad's climbing trial was

a)a mockery b) cancelled c)dangerous d)a failure

14. Read the lines from the text and answer the questions that follow: (3)

I said to him what an experienced friend of mine told me: "If anything goes wrong with your gear-case, sell the machine and buy a new one, it comes cheaper." "People talk like that who understand nothing about machines. Nothing is easier than taking off the gear- case."

a) Who is the first speaker? b) Who is the speaker of the second statement?

c) Did the second speaker listen to the advice given? What did he do

15. Answer of the following questions: (10)

a) Name some stick- and- ball games that you have witnessed or heard of?

b) What happens to the volunteer who swallows four drops of the new invention? What is the name of the invention?

c) Why does Maya think that Mr. Nath is a crook? Who does she say the Sunday visitor is?

d) Why did Chandini refuse to join the group of wild goats?

e) Where was the tiger cub hiding when the grandfather found him?

16. Answer in a short paragraph of 10-12 lines. (4)

What are the three main ways of putting out a fire? Why should you not pour water on an electrical or oil fire?

OR

What happened one Sunday when the lady was going to her sister's house? What did the lady do? What was the bear's reaction? Why did the cook get angry with the Mistress?

ATOMIC ENERGY CENTRAL SCHOOL NO.4 RAWATBHATA
CONFIDENCE EXAMINATION – 2018-19

TIME: 3HOURS　　　　　　　CLASS: VIII, MATHEMATICS　　　　　MARKS:80

General Instructions:

1. Question paper consists of four sections A, B, C & D.
2. Section A consists of 6 questions of 1 mark each.
3. Section B consists of 6 questions of 2 marks each.
4. Section C consists of 10 questions of 3 marks each.
5. Section D consists of 8 questions of 4 marks each.

SECTION-A (6 MARKS)　　　　(6x1M=6M)

1. Find the ratio of 9 m to 27 cm.

2. $\triangle$ABC and $\triangle$PQR are congruent under the correspondence: ABC $\leftrightarrow$ RPQ, then write the part of $\triangle$ABC that correspond to $\overline{\triangle PQR}$.

3. Write a rational numbers equivalent to 5/-3

4. If $p = -2$, find the value of $-2p^3 - 3p^2 + 4p + 7$

5. What is the circumference of a circle of diameter 10 cm (Take π = 3.14)?

6. Two dice are placed side by side with 6 + 2, what is the total on the face

   opposite to the given numbers.

SECTION-B (12MARKS)　　　　(6x2M=12M)

7. The number of illiterate persons in a country decreased from 150 lakhs to 100 lakhs in 10 years. What is the percentage of decrease?

8. Find the value of the expressions $a^2 + 2ab + b^2$ for $a = 3$, $b = 2$.

9. State the number of lines of symmetry for the following figures:

   (A) rhombus (b) A parallelogram (c) A regular hexagon

10. The two sides of the parallelogram ABCD are 6 cm and 4 cm. The height corresponding to the base CD is 3 cm (see below Fig). Find the height corresponding to the base AD.
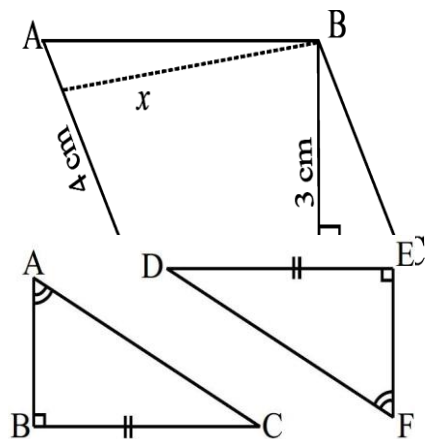
11. Explain, why $\triangle$ABC $\cong$ $\triangle$FED (see below figure).

12. What cross-sections do you get when you give a (i) vertical cut (ii)

   horizontal cut to the following solids? (a) A circular pipe (b) An ice cream cone
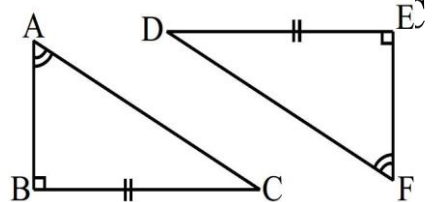
SECTION-C (30MARKS)　　　　(10x3M=30M)

13. Selling price of a toy car is Rs 540. If the profit made by shopkeeper is 20%, what is the cost price of this toy?
14. Find any three rational numbers between 1/4 *and 1/2.*
15. A circular flower bed is surrounded by a path 4 m wide. The diameter of the flower bed is 66 m. What is the area of this path? (π = 3.14)
16. Represent these numbers on the number line. (*i*) -7/4　(*ii*)5/6　(*iii*) 9/7

17. Draw a rough sketch of a quadrilateral with line symmetry but not a rotational symmetry of order more than 1.

18. For given solid, draw the top view, front view and side view.
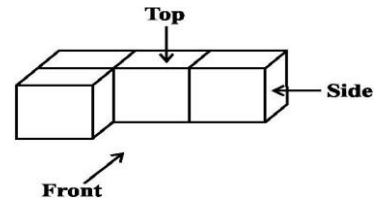
19. Add:

(i) 14x + 10y – 12xy – 13, 18 – 7x – 10y + 8xy, 4xy
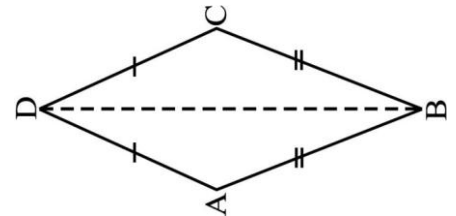
(ii) 3p^2q^2 – 4pq + 5, – 10 p^2q^2, 15 + 9pq + 7p^2q^2

20. In the below figure, AD = CD and AB = CB.

(i) State the three pairs of equal parts in ΔABD and ΔCBD.

(ii) Is ΔABD ≅ ΔCBD? Why or why not?

(iii) Does BD bisect ∠ABC? Give reasons.

21. Gypsum contains calcium, sulphur, oxygen and hydrogen in the ratio 5 : 4 : 8 : 3.

(i) Find the percentage of oxygen in it.

(ii) In a sample of the gypsum, sulphur is 16 g, what is the weight of the sample.

22. Construct Δ ABC in which ∠ ABC =90 0 , BC = 3 cm, AC = 5 cm. Measure the length of side AB.

SECTION-D (32MARKS)   (8x4M=32M)

23. Manoj donates Rs. 2000 to a school, the interest on which is to be used for awarding 5 scholarships of equal value every year. If the donator earns an interest of 10% per annum, find the value of each scholarship. What value depicted from this?

24. Through a rectangular field of length 90 m and breadth 60 m, two roads are constructed which are parallel to the sides and cut each other at right angles through the centre of the fields. If the width of each road is 3 m, find

(i)   the area covered by the roads.

(ii)   the cost of constructing the roads at the rate of Rs 110 per m^2

25. (a) What should be added to $x^2 + xy + y^2$ to obtain $2x^2 + 3xy$?

(b) What should be subtracted from $2a + 8b + 10$ to get $– 3a + 7b + 16$?

26. ABC is an isosceles triangle (fig. beside the question) with

AB = AC and AD is one of its altitudes.

(a)State the three pairs of equal parts in ΔADB and ΔADC.

(b)Is ΔADB ≅ ΔADC? Why or why not?

(c)Is ∠B = ∠C? Why or why not?   (d)Is BD = CD? Why or why not?
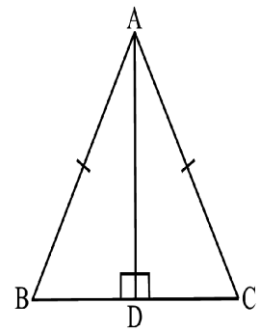
27. A straight vertical coconut tree is broken due to storm at a distance 13 m from its top and its top touches the ground at a distance of 5 m from the base of the tree. Find the original height of the tree.

28. Construct Δ ABC if BC = 5.6 cm, ∠ BCA = 60 degree and ∠ BAC = 45 degree (protector is restricted).

29. The perimeter of a square, the circumference of a circle are equal and equal to the perimeter of a rectangle whose length is 13 cm and width 9 cm. Arrange their area in ascending order.

30. Subtract the sum of 3 x 2 - 2x + 1 and x 3 - 2 x 2 + 3x - 5 from the sum of 2 x 3 + x 2 - 4x + 1 and 5 x 2 + 4x - 3.

Time-3Hrs. MM-80

I. Tick the correct option. (10X1=10)

Q.1. Yeasts are used for making wine & beer because they

a) are single celled   b) respire aerobically   c) respire anaerobically & yield alcohol   d) None of these.

Q.2. The Component of blood which help in preventing the blood loss during an injury is

a) Red Blood cells   b) White Blood cells   c) Platelets   d) Lymph

Q.3. A _____ consists of a short stem around which immature overlapping leaves are folded.

a) Flower   b) Node   c) Fruit   d) Bud

Q.4. The distance moved by a vehicle is measured by-

a) Speedometer   b) accelerator c) odometer   d) none of these

Q.5. The basic unit of speed is

a) Km/min   b) m/min   c) Km/h   d) m/s

Q.6. which of the following does not contain an element?

a) geysers   b) hotplates   c) tube lights   d) irons

Q.7. A virtual image larger than the object can be produced by

a) Concave lens   b) Concave mirror   c) Plane mirror   d) Convex mirror

Q.8. Ground water stored between the hard layers of rock below the water table is

a) Aquifer   b) water table   c) Surface water   d) None of these

Q.9. Herbs form the _____ layer in the forest.

a) Uppermost   b) Lowermost   c) Middle   d) None of these

Q.10. United Nations proclaimed the period of_____ as the international decade for action on water for life.

a) 2005-2009 b) 2005-2015 c) 2006-2016 2008-2018

Questions carrying 2 Marks each. (11 x 2= 22)

Q.11. Why smoking is injurious to health?

Q.12. What do you mean by "vascular tissue" in plants? Also state its function.

Q.13. Define pollination. Which type of pollination occurs in papaya & rose?

Q.14. A simple pendulum takes 42S to complete 30 oscillations. What is the time period of pendulum?

Q.15. What are CFLs? Why these are preferred over ordinary electric bulbs?

Q.16. A convex lens is called a converging lens. Why?

Q.17. Which type of mirror is used as side view mirror in vehicles? Why?

Q.18. Explain how agricultural activities are contributing towards the depletion of water table.

Q.19. What do you mean by "water wise habits"? State any two.

Q.20. What are decomposers? Why these are important in a forest?

Q.21. Cooking oils & fats should not be thrown down the drains? Why.

Questions carrying 3 Marks each.   **(3x9 = 27)**

Q.22. How aerobic respiration is different from anaerobic respiration? What is the function of tracheae in insects?

Q.23. How do following animals excrete their nitrogenous waste?

a) Fish   b) Lizards   c) Humans

Q.24. (a) Why seeds get dispersed in nature?

(b) Why flowers are generally so colorful & fragrant?

Q.25. State any two disadvantages of Sundials. Also write one difference between uniform & non-uniform motion.

Q.26. Describe one activity to show that a current carrying wire behaves like a magnet.

Q.27. (a) what happens when light falls on a prism?

(b) What is a Newton's disc? How will you prepare it?

Q.28. An object is placed in front of a plane mirror. Explain the features of image which will be formed?

Q.29. Explain the effect of water scarcity on plants. How it will affect human beings?

Q.30. What is biogas? State its 2 uses.

Questions carrying 4 Marks each.   **(4 x 4= 16)**

Q.31. (a) What are Stomata? State its two functions.

(b) Write two differences between arteries & veins.

Q.32.Explain how yeast reproduces? Also draw diagram.

Q.33. Draw a labeled diagram of an electric bell. Also state two uses of electromagnet other than in electric bell.

Q.34. Describe the steps involved in getting clarified water from waste water.

Value Based question   **(1 x 5= 5)**

Q.35. Rohan is a village boy and lives in a big village. One day his grandfather told him that village was not as large as it was now. It was also surrounded by forests. But today those forests are at the verge of vanishing. Rohans grandfather was not happy at all, in fact was worried about the present situation of declining forest. He told Rohan that forests are very important for us.

a) Why the Rohan's grandfather was worried & sad?

b) Why forests are important for us?

c) What values are shown by Rohan's grandfather?

ATOMIC ENERGY CENTRAL SCHOOL NO-4, RAWATBHATA
CONFIDENCE EXAMINATION (2018-19)
CLASS-VII

SUBJECT-SOCIAL STUDIES   TIME- 3 HOURS   TOTAL MARKS- 80

Instructions: This question paper consists five sections- A, B, C, D and E.

Section-A has 8 MCQs and each one carries 1 mark.

1. Section-B, each question carries 2 marks. (20 to 30 words)
2. Section-C, each question carries 3 marks. (40 to 50 words)
3. Section-D, each question carries 4 marks. (70 to 80 words)
4. Section-E, question carries 4 marks, for making the options on the map.
5. Attach the map inside the answer script.

<div align="center">

SECTION-A   1X8

</div>

1. Jagannatha temple is at

    A. Puri (Odisha)   C. Rameshwaram (TN)

    B. Varanasi (UP)   D. Patna (Bihar)

2. The third battle of Panipat was fought in

    A. 1760   C. 1762

    B. 1761   D. 1763

3. Cash crops grown in Ganga-Brahmaputra basin are-

    A. Maize and rice   C. Wheat and millets

    B. Sugarcane and jute   D. Gram and sorghum

4. Marino is a species of

    A. Fish   C. Sheep

    B. Elephant   D. Goat

5. Ladakh is a …………lying in the great Himalayas

    A. Cold desert   C. Sand desert

    B. Hot desert   D. None of these

6. Branding means stamping a

    A. Product   C. Manufacturer

    B. Consumer   D. None of these

7. People go to weekly markets to buy

    A. Branded clothes   C. Goods of everyday requirements

    B. Cars   D. Al of these

8. It is one of the largest cloth market in the world

    A. Delhi   C. Tamilnadu

    B. Kolkata   D. Agra

<div align="center">

SECTION-B (answer any 9 of the following)   **2X9=18**

</div>

9. Who were the tribes?

10. Who were the Nayanars and Alvars?

11. Where did the Khathak developed?

12. Who founded the state of Awadh?

13. Which are the two factors on which the growth of vegetation mostly depends?

14. What are the reasons behind evolution of settlements near the river valleys?

15. Name the birds that are likely to find in the rainforests of the Amazon.

16. What are the temperate grasslands of North America called?

17. What are the climatic conditions of the Ladakh desert?

18. What do you understand by independent media?

19. Why do people go to a weekly market? Give any two reasons.

20. In what ways are weavers dependent on cloth merchants?

SECTION-C (answer any 10 of the following)   **3X10=30**

21. What kinds of exchanges took place between nomadic pastoralists and settled agriculturists?

22. Describe the beliefs and practices of the Nathpantis, SIddhas and Yohis.

23. What are the important architectural features of the temples of Bengal?

24. Why did the Nawabs of Awadh and Bengal try to do away with the jagirdari system?

25. Mention the uses of coniferous forest.

26. Today's world is shrinking. Give reasons.

27. The rainforests are depleting. Give reasons.

28. The prairies are known as the 'Granaries of the World'. Give reasons.

29. There is scanty vegetation in the deserts. Give reasons.

30. In what ways do the media play an important role in a democracy?

31. Write one merit and two demerits of advertisements.

32. Why people not bargain in shops located in malls whereas they bargain in weekly markets?

33. Give examples of people who are treated unequally in a democratic country like India?

SECTION-D (answer any 4 of the following)   **4X5=20**

34. Differentiate the features between the Sahara-Hot desert and Ladakh-Cold desert.

35. What is TMS? What are the demands of TMS? What were the results of the formation of TMS?

36. Explain how a chain of markets is formed? What purpose does it serve?

37. How were the Sikhs organized in the 18th century?

38. Markets exist everywhere. Explain.

39. Advertisements have become a significant part of our social and cultural life. Explain.

SECTION-E   **1x4=4**

40. Locate and label the following on the outline map of India.

    A. Chennai   B. Surat   C. Agra   D. Bhopal

समय -3 घंटे   पूर्णांक 80 –

नोट | प्रत्येक खंड के उत्तर देने अनिवार्य हैं | पत्र में चार खंड है -प्रश्न -

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खंड – क

प्रश्न– निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को पढ़कर दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिये -१-

मनुष्य की आदतें बचपन में ही बनाई जाती है वह उसी का आदी हो जाता ,पौधे को जैसी खाद और मिट्टी दी जाती है , उन्हें वीरता के किस्से |देश का भला इसी में है कि लोगों को मेहनती बनाया जाए और कुर्बानी के सबक सिखाए जाएँ | है सुनाए जाएँ ताकि छोटी उम्र में ही उनके कोमल हृदय में वीरता के पौधे उगने लगे कुछ लोगों का मत है कि बच्चो को पूर्ण | आज के बालक ही कल के नागरिक | भ्रष्ट हो जाएँ-किन्तु इतनी स्वतंत्रता भी सही नहीं कि बच्चे पाथ | स्वतंत्रता देनी चाहिए उन्हें :अत | उन्ही पर देश का भविष्य निर्भर करता है | होते है आरम्भ से ही सीधी राह पर चलना चाहिए अन्यथा बात बिगड़ जाने पर पश्चाताप के आँसू ही हाथ लगेंगे |

१ 2 बच्चों की आदतें कब परिपक्व अर्थात पक्की हो जाती है ?-

२ 2 ? बच्चो को पूर्ण स्वतंत्रता देने का क्या तात्पर्य है -

३ 2   देश का भविष्य किन पर निर्भर करता है ?-

४ -'कोमल1 | शब्द का विलोम शब्द लिखिए '

५ 1 | उपर्युक्त गद्यांश हेतु उचित शीर्षक दीजिये -

प्रश्ननिम्नलिखित काव्यांश को पढ़कर दिए गए प् -२-रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिये   –

संकटों के वीर घबराते नहीं	संकटों के बीच वे गाते सदा
आपदाएँ देख छिप जाते नहीं	है असंभव कुछ नहीं उनके लिए
लग गए जिस काम में पूरा किया	सरल|संभव कर दिखाते वे सदा-
काम करके व्यर्थ पछताते नहीं	
कठिन पथ को देख मुसकाते सदा	

१2 काव्यांश का उचित शीर्षक दीजिये -

२वीर संकटों को देखकर क् -या करते हैं 2   ?

३ 1   ? कठिन पथ को देखकर वीर कैसा व्यवहार करते हैं -

४1   ? क्या वीर कार्य को आधुरा छोड़ते है -

५ -'आपदाएँ1 | शब्द का अर्थ स्पष्ट कीजिए '

खंडख-

प्रश्न ३ 2   – मूल शब्द और प्रत्यय अलग कीजिये --

मौखिक दैनिक , प्रमाणित , शिक्षित ,

प्रश्न 4- निम्नलिखित के दो 2   - दो शब्द बनाइए-

गंध ज्ञान , फल , रंग ,

प्रश्न-52   – वचन बदलिए -

नीति गोली ,

स्वाभिमानियों स्वाभिमानियों,

प्रश्न-62   -एक शब्द लिखिए -

गौओं का पालन करने वाला |

गिरी को धारण करने वाला |

प्रश्न-7   2   -संधि कीजिये -

नव आगन्तुक +नव , आगंतुक +

संधिविच्छेद कीजिये   -

सिंहासन मेघाच्छन्न ,

प्रश्न-8- प्रचलित हिंदी रूप लिखिए 2   –

बादर सीत , मछरी , बिपति ,

प्रश्न-9 वाकय बनाये2   –

ताज़ा स्वादिष्ट भोजन गरम -गरम ,

ठंडी अँधेरी रत गली -गली ,

प्रश्न-10 1   – समास विग्रह कीजिये -

बैलगाड़ी रसोईघर ,

खंडग -

प्रश्न-11– निम्नलिखित पद्यांश को पढ़कर नेचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिये-

तरुवर फल नहिं खात है| सरवर पियत न पान ,

कहि रहीम परकाज हित || संपति सचहिं सुजान ,

कहि रहीम संपति सगे| बनत बहुत बहु रीत ,

बिपति कसौटी जे कसे || तेई सांचे मीत ,

१2   ? दोहे में तालाब और वृक्ष की क्या विशेषता बताई गयी है -

२ 1   ? सज्जन अपनी संपत्ति का क्या करता है -

३ 2   ? सच्चे मित्र की क्या पहचान है -

प्रश्न-12 निम्नलिखित -में से किन्ही पांच प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिये2   -*5= 10

१ -'एक तिनका? कविता में किस घटना की चर्चा की गयी है जिससे घमंड नहीं करने का संदेश मिलता है '

२? घमंडी की आँख का तिनका निकालने के लिए उसके आसपास लोगों ने क्या किया -

३ -'कण कण-में है प्राप्त वाही स्वर? भाव किसके लिए प्रयुक्त हुआ है '

४ -'बंसीवाले ललना कौन सी बातें कहती-कहते हुए यशोदा किसे जमाने का प्रयास करती है और वे कौन , लालजी 'मोरे प्यारे' '
? है

५ -'भोर और बरखा| पाठ के आधार पर ब्रज की भोर का वर्णन कीजिये '

६ पाठ के आधार पर -सावन की विशेषताएँ लिखिए |

प्रश्न-13– निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को पढ़कर प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिये -

कुँवरसिंह उदार एवं अव्यंत सवेंदनशील व्यक्ति थे |इब्राहीम खाँ और किफ़ायत हुसैन उनकी सेना में उच्च पदों पर आसीन थे |
उनके यहाँ हिंदुओ और मुसलमानों के सभी त्योहार एक साथ मिलकर मनाए जाते थे उन्होंने पाठशालाएँ और मकतब भी |
बाबू कुँवर सिंह की लोकप्रियता इतनी थी कि बिहार की कई लोकभाषाओ में उनकी प्रस्थित लोकगीतों के रूप में आज | बनवाए
| भी गाई जाती है

१ 2   ? वीर कुँवर सिंह ने सांप्रयादिक सदभावना हेतु क्या किया -

२2   ? वीर कुँवर सिंह की लोकप्रियता कैसे जानी जाती है -

३1   ? वीर कुँवर सिंह का स्वभाव कैसा था -

प्रश्न-14 निम्नलिखित में से किन्ही पाँच प् -र्श्नों के उत्तर दीजिये2   -*5=10

१? कंचे जब जार से निकलकर अप्पू के मन की कल्पना में समां जातें है तब क्या होता है -

२? फिर लेखक इस बदलाव को लेकर चिंतित क्यों है ?खानपान में बदलाव के कौन से फायदे है -

३ नीलकंठ ने खरगोश के बच्चे को साँप -से किस तरह बचाया इस घटना के आधार पर नीलकंठ के स्वभाव की विशेषताओं का ?
| उल्लेख कीजिये

४| वर्णन कीजिये? साक्षात्कार पढ़कर आपके मन में धनराज पिल्लै की कैसी छवि उभरती है -

५ लेकिन गांधीजी |हमारे यहाँ बहुत से काम लोग खुद नहीं करके पेशेवर कारीगर से करवाते है -पेशेवर कारीगरों के उपयोग में
आने वाले ओजार? बसूले आदि क्यों खरीदना चाहते थे , हथौड़े , छेनी-

६ ? मोरनी के नाम किस आधार पर रखे गए-मोर -

प्रश्न 15-- ? कैसे-मनुष्य को सफलता की ओर अग्रसर करता है 'दृढविश्वास' संघर्ष के कारण मै तुनुकमिजाज हो गया पाठ के ' आधार पर ल‌िखिए 3 |

अथवा

जीवजंतु भी मानवीय प्रेम से प्रेरित है| नीलकंठ पाठ के आधार पर लिखिए--

प्रश्न-16 5   -निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में से किन्ही पाँच के उत्तर दीजिये -

१ धृतराष्ट्र के क -‌रोध से भीम की रक्षा किस प्रकार हुई ?

२? कर्ण ने भीम को क्यों नही मारा -

३? चक्रव्यूह की रचना किसने की -

४? कौरवों और पांडवों के सेनापति कौन थे -

५? अभिमन्यु का विवाह किससे हुआ -

६? पांडवों ने अज्ञातवास कहाँ पर बिताया -

७ –परिचय दीजिए पृथा , गांगेय   -

खंड घ

प्रश्न-17 किसी एक विषय पर निबन्ध 7   - अनुच्छेद लिखिए /

   १२ खेलों का महत्त्व -- स्वास्थ्य और व्यायाम   ३– ४ गणतन्त्र दिवस - मेरा देश

प्रश्न -185   - किसी एक पर पत्र लिखिए -

   १| परिश्रम का महत्त्व बताते हुए अनुज को पत्र -

   २| मोहल्ले की सफाई व्यवस्था हेतु स्वास्थ्य अधिकारी को एक शिकायती पत्र लिखिए -

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पूर्णांक - 40   कक्षा संस्कृत ,सातवीं -   समय -1.5 घंटे

प्र.1 निम्नलिखित संस्कृत गद्यांशों में से किसी एक का हिन्दी में अनुवाद कीजिए-   4

इयम् महती आवश्यकता वर्तते यत् एकः देशः अपरेण देशेन सह निर्मलेन हृदयेन बन्धुतायाः व्यवहारं कुर्यात्। विश्वस्य जनेषु इयं भावना आवश्यकी। ततः विकसिताविकसितयोः देशयोः मध्ये स्वस्था स्पर्धा भविष्यति। सर्वे देशाः ज्ञानविज्ञानयोः क्षेत्रे मैत्रीभावनया सहयोगेन च समृद्धिं प्राप्तुं समर्थाः भविष्यन्ति।

अथवा

संस्कृते विद्यमानाः सूक्तयः अभ्युदयाय प्रेरयन्ति- यथा , सत्यमेव जयते विद्या ,वसुधैव कुटुम्बकम् , योगः कर्मसु कौशलम् इत्यादयः। सर्वभूतेषु आत्मवत् व्यवहारं कर्तुं संस्कृतभाषा सम्यक् ,अमृतमश्नुते शिक्षयति।

प्र.2 निम्नलिखित संस्कृत श्लोकों में से किसी एक श्लोक का हिन्दी में अनुवाद कीजिए4   -

केयूराः न विभूषयन्ति पुरूषं हारा न चन्द्रोज्जवला

न स्नानं न विलेपनं न कुसुमं नालंकृता मूर्धजाः।

वाण्येका समलंकरोति पुरूषं या संस्कृता धार्यते

क्षीयन्ते अखिलभूषणानि सततं वाग्भूषणं भूषणम्।।

अथवा

उदिते सूर्ये धरणी विहसति।

पक्षी कूजति कमलं विकसति।।

नदति मन्दिरे उच्चैर्ढक्का।

सरितः सलिले सेलति नौका।।

प्र.3 निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों में से किन्हीं चार प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए-   4

क. वयं कस्मिन् लोके प्रविशाम?

ख. वृक्षस्य अधः कः आगतः?

ग. मक्षिकायाः मित्रं कः आसीत्?

घ. संस्कृतं किं शिक्षयति?

ङ. सेतोः निर्माणं के अकुर्वन्?

च. मंत्री किमर्थम् आगच्छति?

प्र.4 पाठ्यपुस्तक से कोई एक श्लोक जो प्रश्न पत्र में न आया हो अर्थ सहित लिखिए।   4

प्र.5 निम्नलिखित पदों में से किन्हीं चार से संस्कृत में वाक्यों की रचना कीजिए।   4

,प्रश्नाःनवीनःप्रसन्नः   ,आगच्छति ,प्रातः ,

प्र.6 सही मिलान कीजिएः-   4

कौटिल्येन   चरक सुश्रुतयो योगदानम्

चिकित्साशास्त्रे   आर्यभट्टः

शून्यस्य आविष्कर्ता   अर्थशास्त्रं रचितम्

संस्कृतम्   ज्ञानविज्ञानयो पोषकम्

प्र.7 पर्यायवाची पदों का मिलान कीजिएः-   2

            गगने   निर्मले

            विमले   निशाकर

            चन्द्रः   दिवाकरः

            सूर्यः   आकाशे

प्र.8 निम्नलिखित संस्कृत पदों के लिए सही विलोम पद लिखिएः-   2

            पुरातनम्अपर्याप्तम्   ,मन्दम्   ,नीचै   ,कठोरः   ,

प्र.9 निम्नलिखित शब्दों से रिक्तस्थानों की पूर्ति कीजिएः-   2

> करिष्यामित्रोटयति   ,अनयत्   ,गमिष्यति   ,

1. काष्ठकूटः तां मक्षिकायाः समीपं।..............
2. मार्गे स्थितः अहमपि शब्दं।...................
3. गजः शुण्डेन वृक्षशाखां।...................
4. तृषार्तः गजः जलाशयं।...................

प्र.10 सही वाक्य के सामने आम और गलत के सामने न लिखिए।   2

क. विद्या राजसू पूज्यते।

ख. वाग्भूषणं भूषणं न।

ग. विद्याधनं सर्वधनेषु प्रधानम्।

घ. सर्वं विहाय विद्याधिकारं कुरू।

11. उचित शब्द रूप से रिक्त स्थान की पूर्ति कीजिए-   **4**

	एकवचन	द्विवचन	बहुवचन
तृतीया विभक्ति	....	नदीभ्याम्	....
पंचमी विभक्ति	नद्याः	....	....

12. गम् धातु के लृट् लकार के रूप से रिक्त (भविष्यत् काल)स्थान भरिए।   **4**

	एकवचन	द्विवचन	बहुवचन
प्रथम पुरूष	करिष्यति	....	करिष्यन्ति
मध्यम पुरूष	....	करिष्यथः	करिष्यथ
उत्तम पुरूष	करिष्यामि	....	....